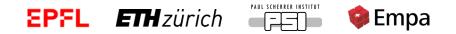


Coalition for Green Energy and Storage (CGES)

Addressing the climate and energy crises with innovation and technology

Forum InnoClimat 15 novembre 2024





The challenge: A combined energy and climate crisis! Switzerland as a showcase

Seasonal energy transfer (storage)

- There will be an abundance of "green" energy in summer
- There is a lack of « Swiss » electricity in winter ~ 25 PJ (7 TWh)
- \Rightarrow Need for "green" storage

25 PJ (7 TWh) corresponds to:

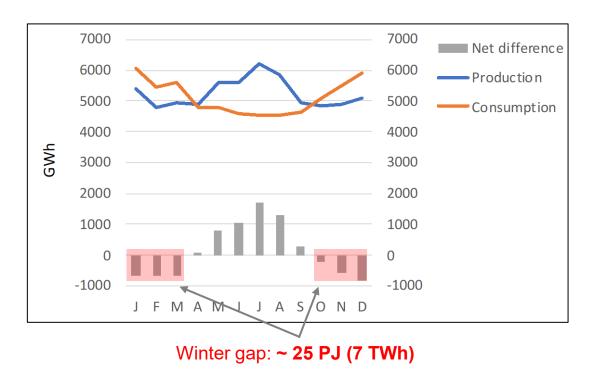


4X Grand Dixence (tallest dam in Europe)

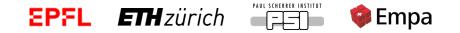


70 Mio Tesla Model S (100 kWh battery)

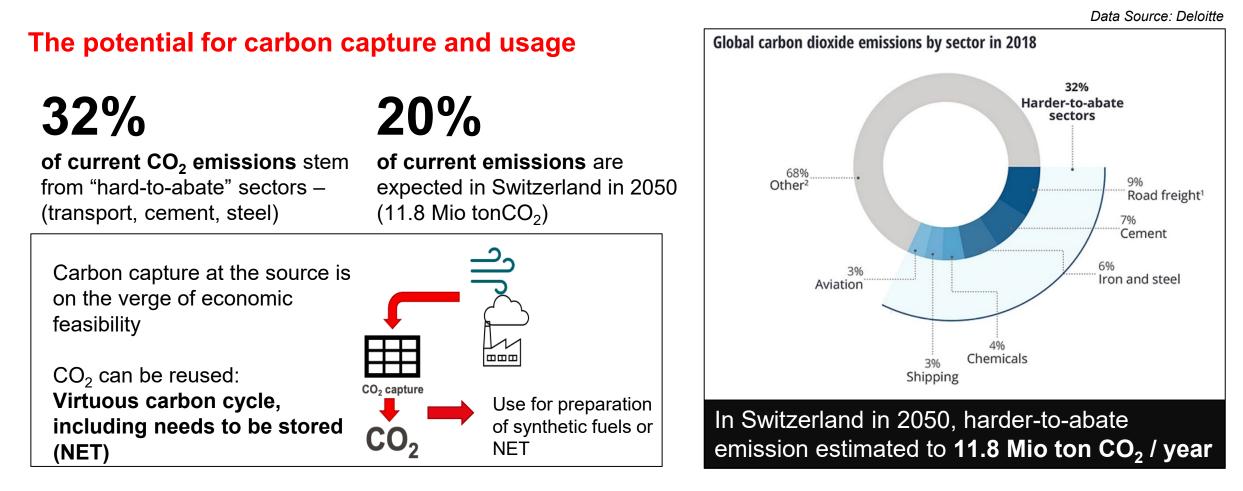
Electricity production and consumption in Switzerland by month (average 2018-2022)

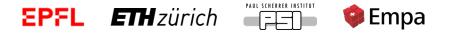


Data Source: OFEN www.bfe.admin.ch

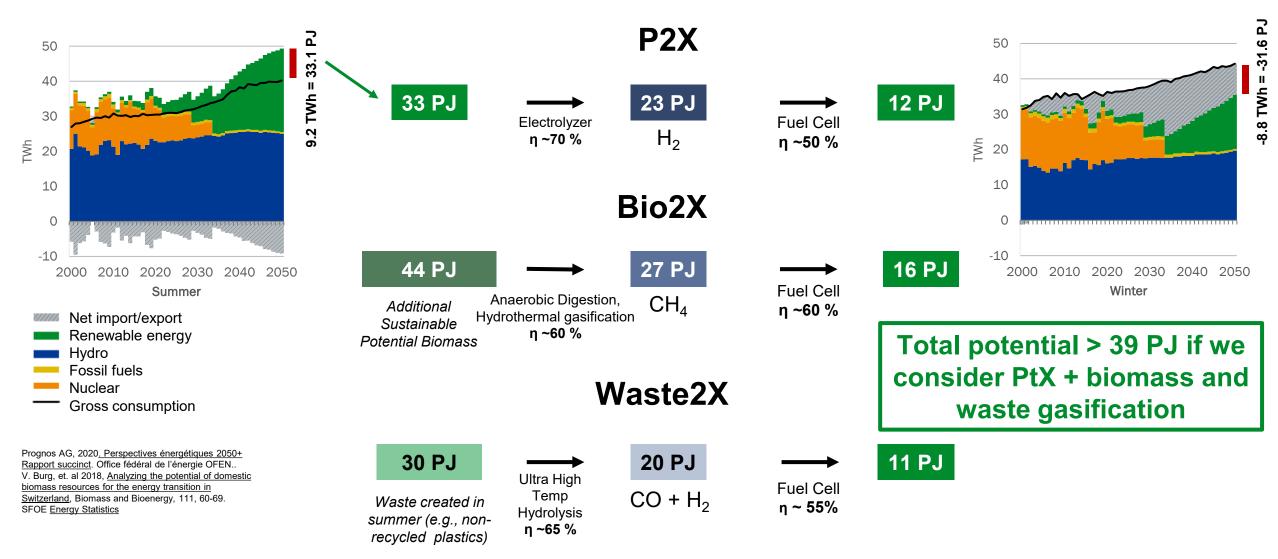


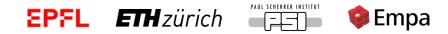
The challenge: A combined energy and climate crisis! Switzerland as a showcase





Summer/winter electricity balance, scenario ZERO basis 2050





Estimation of the Chemical Energy Storage Cost

Hydrogen

50 PJ → 25 PJ Fuel Cell η ~50 %

35 million m³@150 bar

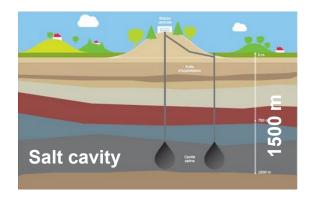


- ~ **46x** "ACES Delta" Current world's largest H₂ storage site in Utah (1.1 PJ/ 300 GWh)
- \rightarrow **11 billion** CHF CAPEX (salt storage)
- \rightarrow **153 billion** CHF CAPEX (tube storage)

Coalition for Green Energy and Storage

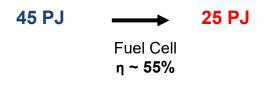
Methane

- 42 PJ → 25 PJ Fuel Cell η ~ 60%
 - **5 million** m³ @250 bar



- ~ 40% of current Swiss annual gas consumption
- ~10x "<u>Lined Rock Cavern</u>" potential Oberwald project of Gaznat (4.3 PJ, 400 Mio CHF)
- \rightarrow **3.9 billion** CHF CAPEX (lined rock storage)
- \rightarrow **4.4 billion** CHF CAPEX (LNG plant + storage)

Methanol



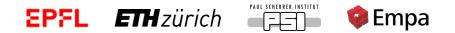
3 million m³ liquid



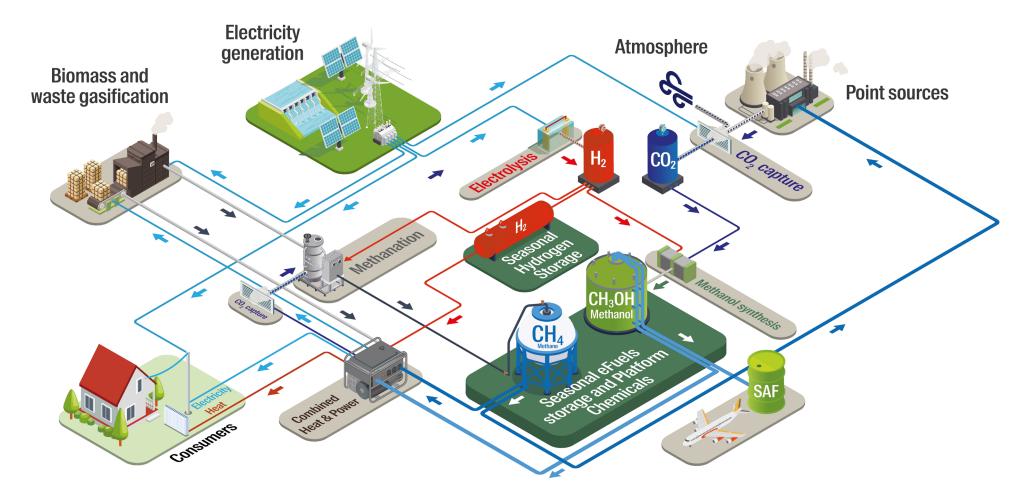
Large-scale or distributed storage possible

- ~ 6k 500 m³ tanks
- \rightarrow 1.1 billion CHF CAPEX

Sources: <u>Hissel, D., et al.</u>, <u>ACES Delta</u>, <u>Hyuspre</u>, SFOE, <u>Gaznat</u>, <u>Alibaba</u> (methanol), <u>Ohgishima tank</u> (methane), <u>Advances in Chemical Engineering</u>, <u>Ludwig- Bölkow-Systemtechnik GmbH (LBST)</u>, <u>Oxford Institute for Energy Studies</u>

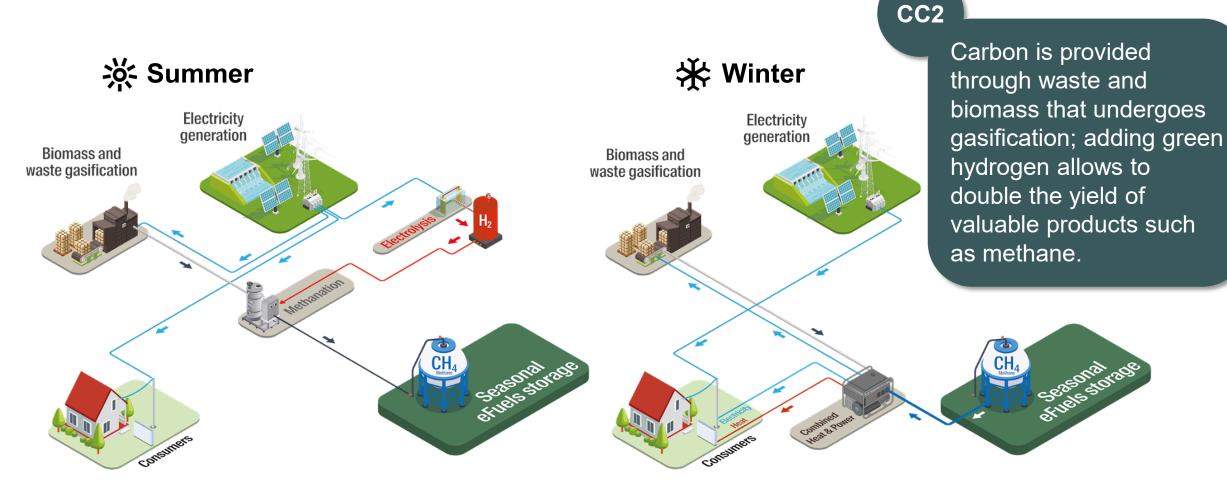


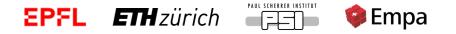
CGES: the full picture of green energy & storage with CO2 virtuous cycle



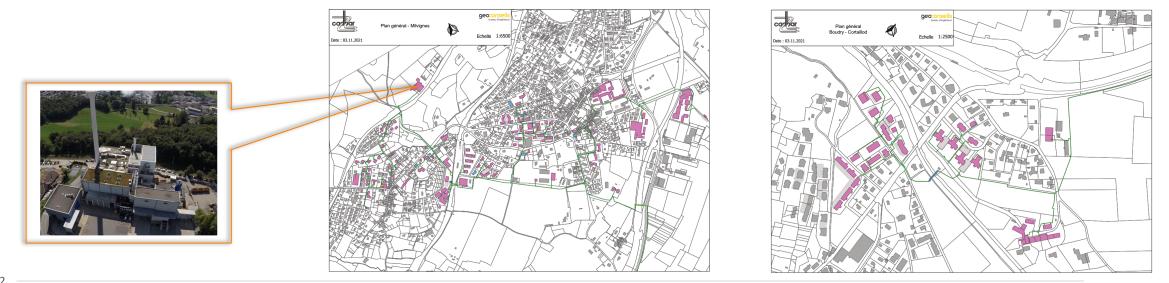
EPFL ETHzürich ETHzünich Scherker

Catapult Candidate CC2: Solid Waste Energy Storage Solutions (SWESS)



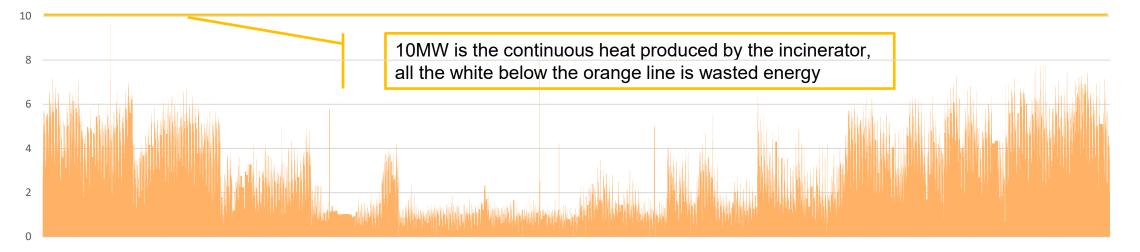


Example of Cottendart-Colombier (NE) incinerator and local district heating network (DHN)

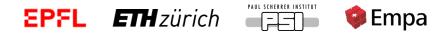


CADBAR DHN, Areuse - Cortaillod (gauche) et Milvignes (droite). Purple color building are being heated by the incinerator

МM



Heat request from the district heat network (DHN) CADBAR from October 2019 (left) to September 2020 (right) in MW



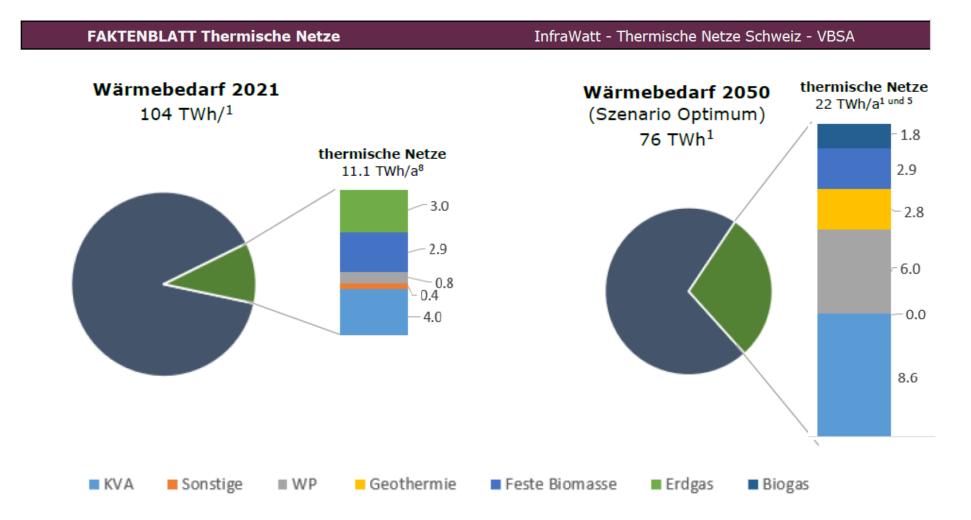
Running 24/7 every day of the year, incinerators waste about 50% of the primary energy

Fremdenergie zur Dampferzeugung Fossil 6.4 GWh Rauchgasverluste über Verluste durch 28.4 GWh Erneuerbar Kessel (16.5%) Dampfprozess (33.4%) 2'098 GWh 4'246 GWh 1.1 GWh Abwärme Wärmeexport Energie aus Abfall (100%) (21.8%) 2'766 GWh Produzierte Kessel Dampfenergie 12'694 GWh (102.6%)(86.1%) Thermische 10'931 GWh Dampfexport Anlage (8.9%) 1'127 GWh Stromexport Prozesse 807 GWh (13.6%)Fremdenergie nicht dampferzeugend Interne Verbräuche (6.4%) 1'723 GWh 5 GWh Fossil Strombedarf, eigenproduziert (3.5%) 440 GWh 13.9 GWh Erneuerbar Wärmebedarf, eigenproduziert (5.0%) Elektrisch 18 GWh 630 GWh

Energiefluss CH-KVA 2022



While actual thermal networks still burn 30% of fossil gas with the objective to double the capacity and be 100% renewable by 2050



Waste incinerators are centralized while district heating are decentralized, closed to dynamic heat consumers



Map of Incinerators

29 incinerators burning <u>12.7 TWh/y</u> of waste



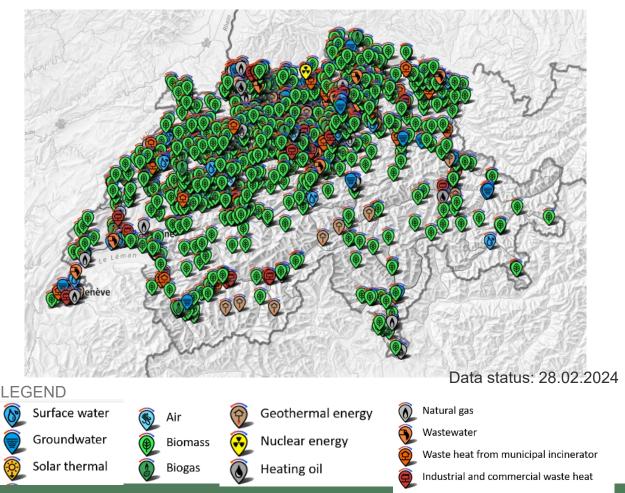
LEGEND

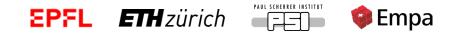
 Location of the 29 incinerator in Switzerland which could be replaced by ~ 750 gasification systems

Data status: 07.09.2023

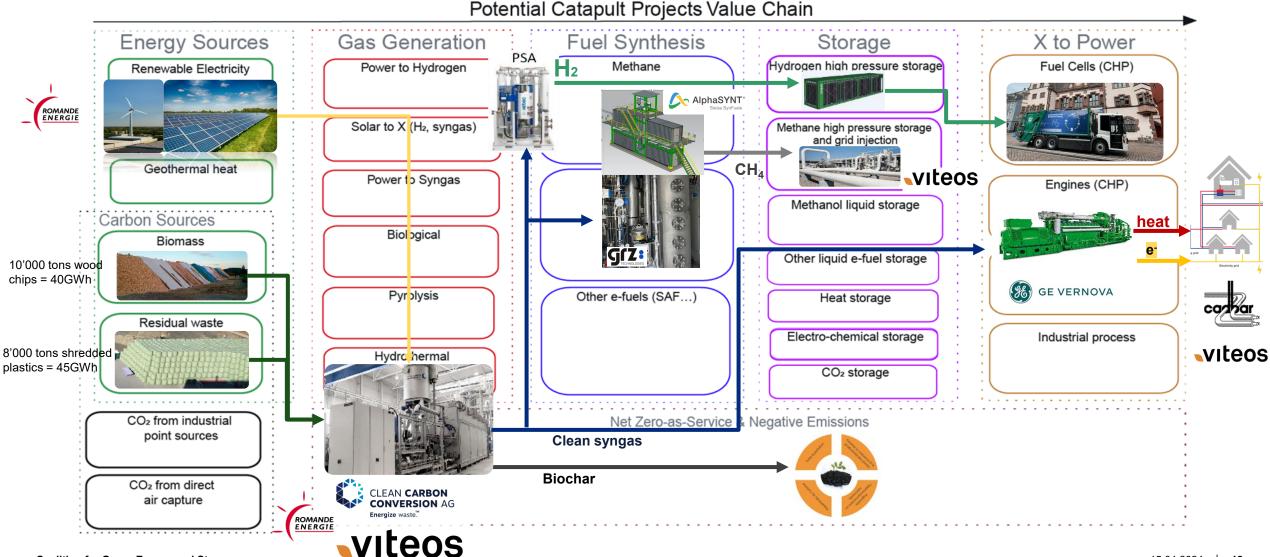
Map of thermal networks

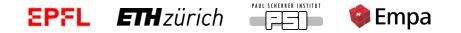
Thermal networks by source (top 3: biomass, surface water, municipal incinerator) ~ 1070 networks consuming <u>11.1TWh/y</u>



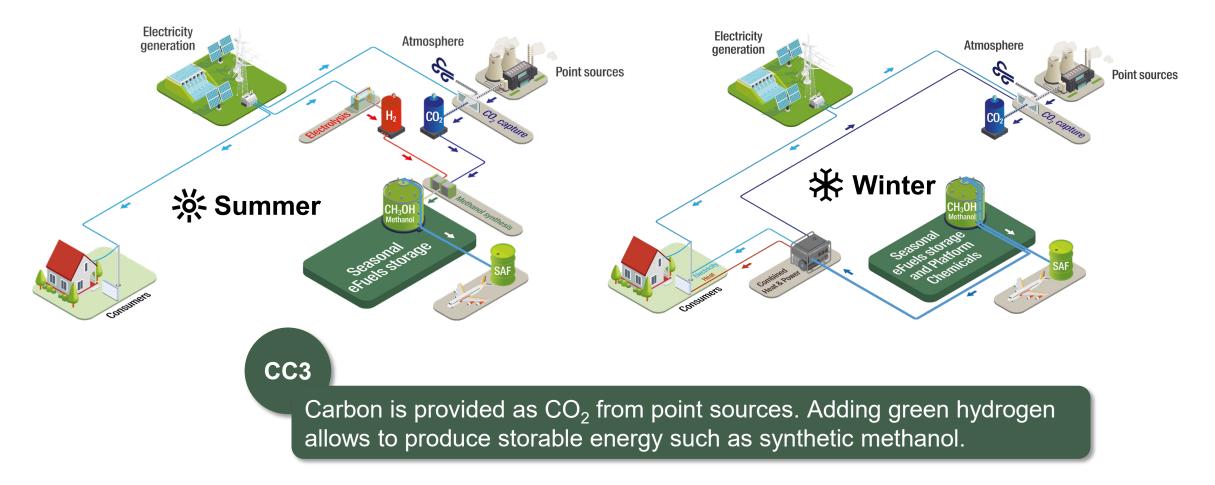


Catapult II – Solid Waste Storage – Canton Neuchâtel



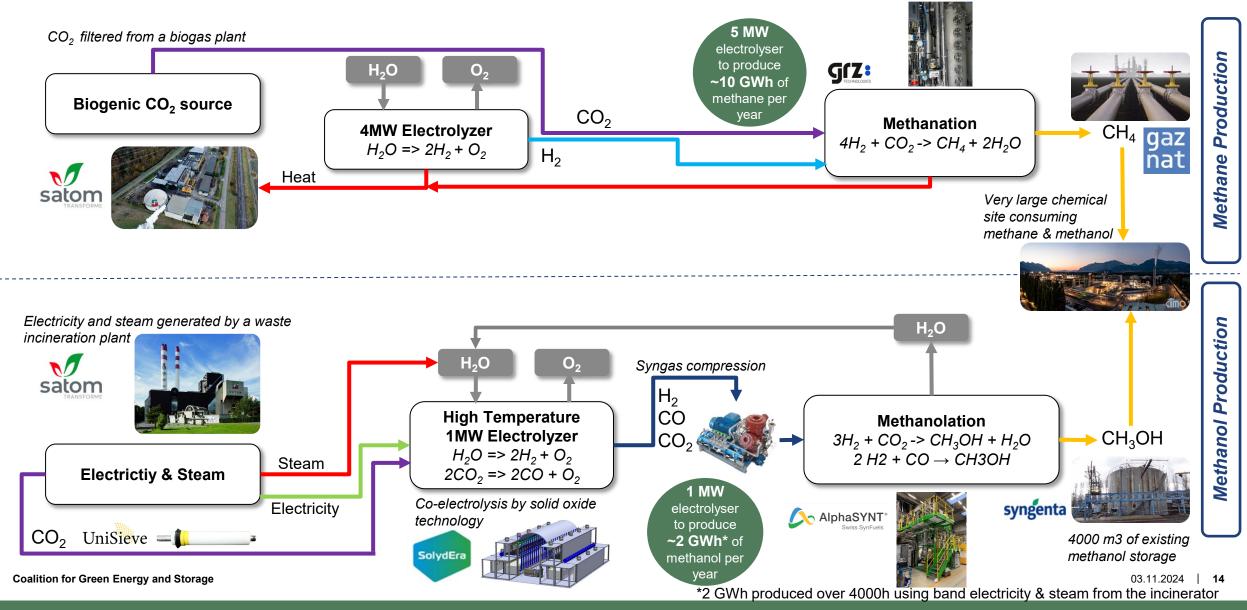


Catapult 3: Synthetic fuels production with CO₂ virtuous cycle Example 2: e-methanol production





Green Methane & Methanol Demonstrator in Chablais





STATISTICS AND A STATISTICS

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Thank you

Alexandre Closset

15.11.2024